

THE DAILY HERALD.

THE HERALD PUBLISHING CO.

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THIS DAILY HERALD is published every morning at THE HERALD block, corner West Temple and First South streets, Salt Lake City.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
DAILY, PER MONTH, 50 CENTS.
Daily, six months, \$2.50.
Daily, per year, \$4.50.
Semi-Weekly, per year, \$2.50.
Sunday, per year, \$2.50.
Communications should be addressed to THE HERALD, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Subscribers removing from one place to another, and desiring papers changed, should always give former as well as present address.

SILVER-67.
LEAD-11.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

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MOSES TATCHER, Cache.

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JOHN T. CAINE, Salt Lake.

Congressman.

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Recorder—Edward L. Sloan.

Treasurer—George D. Pyper.

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Weller, Orson H. Pettit.

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George E. Bourne, John Allen.

Third Precinct—Richard P. Morris.

Joseph M. Watson, H. J. Hayward.

Fourth Precinct—W. H. Dale, Robt.

Patrick, Sr., Walter P. Jennings.

Fifth Precinct—Robert Morris, M.

E. Mulvey, George E. Woolley.

DOX M. DICKINSON seems to be bidding for the position of leader of the Jingoists.

War clouds roll up in the Orient these days as fast as rain clouds in Holland.

SPAIN CONTINUES to send more troops to Cuba. Thus far Cuban soil has had no trouble in absorbing them.

We are really glad to see the Tribune so zealous in its defense of church interference in politics in Utah. It shows repentance.

HON. JOSEPH CHAMBERLIN'S war like utterances on the Venezuelan question should surprise no one, for his business naturally makes him screw his courage to the sticking point.

WHO HAVE a majority of the Republican candidates for the Legislature pledged themselves against Colonel Trumbo for United States Senator? Who exacted these pledges and before whom were they made?

It is the proper thing to let the Legislature make its own selection for United States Senators, as the Republicans claim. It is quite the proper thing for legislative candidates to pledge themselves against senatorial candidates?

MR. H. M. WELLS, as Republican candidate for Governor, favors free coinage at 16 to 1; but Mr. H. M. Wells as cashier of a bank requires that his customers who borrow money sign a gold note. Let any laboring man try to borrow money at his bank and see if he will not have to sign a gold note.

SPEAKING of the proportions which the Pecos-Spanish discussion has assumed, Vincent Peel says that America has contributed 151 works to the controversy; England, 63; Austria, 10; Scotland, 4; Canada, 2; Germany, 2; France, 2; and Italy, Holland, Ireland and India 1 each, making 275 in all.

FOR REASONS best known to itself the Tribune yesterday published in garbled form Miss Kate Field's letter of the 4th inst. on Utah affairs. Why did it omit the portion relating to Apostle John Henry Smith as well as the closing sentence? Is it that the Tribune and Miss Field do not see the same things in the same light as of yore?

IN HIS book just published, Senator Sherman says that he has been in office every day of his life since March 4, 1855, except one. That day was the one before Garfield was inaugurated, when he resigned as Secretary of the Treasury. Of that day he no doubt would say with Job: "Let that day be darkness; let not God regard it from above, neither let the light shine upon it. Let darkness and the shadow of death stain it; let a cloud dwell upon it; let the blackness of the day be upon it."

THE CONVENTION CONVINCED REPUBLICANS.

When the Democratic state committee issued its call for the reconvening of the Ogden convention, it did its duty to the party. When that reconvened convention met and freely discussed the cause of its reconvening and put forth an address to the people, it did its duty to the party and to the people of Utah.

What was the important fact emphasized by that convention? It was the independence and manhood of those who were there and of those for whom they spoke. While this is so, it must not be forgotten that there are many voters who belong to the dominant church that perhaps profess no particular allegiance to any party and whose political action can be swayed by their church leaders, if they know what their wishes in the premises are. Some whose political allegiance sits tightly upon them are subject to the same influence. Where the strength of parties is nearly equally divided, such a body of voters hold the balance of power, and where it can be invoked by any ecclesiastical influence it is a real danger to the state. The Democratic party has fought that condition of things and will continue to fight it.

Republicans profess to see nothing in the Democratic convention and its address but "a grand stand play," whose object is to catch votes. They know better than that. They know that it was the best evidence yet given of the sincerity of the people of Utah in their division on political lines. There are in this city Republican gentlemen who have large financial interests, who in the past fought the Mormon people, and in whose minds there have always been doubts about the sincerity of the division movement, whose doubts were removed by the proceedings of that convention and the declaration it put forth. And these same gentlemen are prominent in political and social circles. It was Democratic sincerity that brought conviction to the minds of these suspicious Republicans.

The Democratic convention of last Tuesday was the best earnest that the people of Utah have ever given the people of the nation that there must be a separation of church and state in Utah, and that there will be. The work of the delegates to that convention was the work of patriots.

AN EMASCULATED ORGAN.

After announcing in advance, with a flourish of trumpets, that the Democratic address would be reviewed in the columns of the Tribune, that paper contains a rapid and disheartening misrepresentation of the greater part of the document, with a virtual recognition of the truth of the points it establishes.

There have been many evidences of late that the editorial columns of our Republican neighbor have lost vigor, tone, perception of argument and ability to meet it. Consistency, logic and honest admission of palpable error were never conspicuous ornaments on its shamesome brow. But its recent attempts to belittle a great popular outburst against religious interference in politics, and to utterly falsify what was presented to the public as its expression, give greater proofs than ever that the Tribune lacks as much in editorial capacity as in common honesty and truth.

Let any fair man read the address, and then compare what the Tribune says forms the "indictment" in that address, and he cannot fail to see that the intention of the Tribune writer was to falsify it in every particular, until the latter portion is reached, and that is virtually admitted to be "all right."

We hope our Republican friends will make this comparison. It will furnish them sufficient proofs of the infamy as well as the inanity (we leave the sort of the latter word designedly) of the editorial commentator, and thus show the utter unreliability of their chief source of political pabulum. Strike out the dirty personal attacks of that paper on Judge Judd and the willful and intentional distortions of the Democratic address, and what is there left on the editorial page of the Tribune of Thursday? Only the reluctant admission that the closing "Declaration of Truth" in that document are "all right" and therefore that the main purpose and the logical conclusions of the address are proper and correct. Demoralization is as evident in the position of that paper as its scurrilous verbiage and transparent deceit.

THE SIMPLE TRUTH.

Now, two weeks ago the lieutenant who reported to Judge Powers told him that the field looked like a battle.

That is the basis on which the Tribune argues in support of its repeated attacks on Judge Powers. It is nothing more or less than a lie. We challenge the author of it to give the name of any lieutenant or other officer or aid to the chairman of the Democratic committee, who made any such report. That statement was fabricated by the editor of the Tribune as an excuse for the whole batch of willful falsehoods that have appeared in that paper on its editorial page for many days past.

The truth is that up to the Saturday previous to the ill-timed strictures on two prominent Democrats, in the Mormon Priesthood meeting, all the workers for the Democratic party who made reports supplied figures and facts which demonstrated Democratic gains in nearly every precinct.

If the Tribune has a solitary proof to the contrary let it be furnished to the public. If it has the name of any "Democratic lieutenant" who told Judge Powers that "the field looked like a battle lost," let the name be published. What Judge Powers has said in regard to this matter is absolutely true. As to the perfect correctness of the reports we have nothing to say, except that we believe they were made in good faith and were received with infinite satisfaction.

The whole army of workers was a united and confident band. When the thunderbolt was launched that disturbed the entire territory, it was a source of joy to Republicans and of mingled gloom and indignation by Democrats. The magnificent convention has dispelled the clouds and revived hope and confidence.

But the conviction is strong in the Democratic heart that if the anticipated victory does not come to the Democratic ticket, the cause will be found outside of regular and legitimate political campaign work, and that as well

as the results will not augur well for the peace, tranquility and political liberties of the people of Utah.

THAT SENATOR SHERMAN'S book is calculated to stir up strife in his party, there is no doubt. Ex-Governor Parker of Ohio speaks of it in these terms: "I have not seen the book; I do not know anything about its contents; but if, as stated in the newspapers, it criticizes prominent Republicans, I am sorry the proof sheets could not have been withheld until after election."

PERFIDIOUS FOR PROFITS.

The endeavors of some unscrupulous Republicans to charge the sending of dispatches from this city to the eastern press, for the purpose of inciting opposition to statehood for Utah, are quite consistent with the policy of such Republicans. They are the kind that draw their inspiration from the Salt Lake Tribune. If that paper or any of its dupes can show that the Democratic party has sent any of those "lying dispatches," we will publish the proofs with pleasure.

It is not surprising that persons connected with that paper should suspect others of their own tricks. From that quarter emanated scores of "lying dispatches" to the east, in times past, sent for the purpose of inflaming the public mind, with a view to bringing in troops to overawe if not bring destruction upon the majority of Utah's citizens.

The Associated Press office is in the Tribune building. Such dispatches as were wired about the present crisis in Utah went from that place. We do not accuse the Associated Press of sending anything wrong, or of being influenced by the surroundings of its headquarters. We merely mention a fact in view of the falsehoods of the Salt Lake Tribune.

The comments of the eastern papers are not justified by what was telegraphed from Salt Lake. Each paper is responsible for its own utterances, and the Associated Press should not be blamed for what those papers have added to what was sent to them.

The course of the Republican paper which has tried along to misrepresent the issue before the people of Utah is not endorsed by the last members of its own party, but is denounced as pusillanimous and at variance with its former position in reference to the question. The following from the Evening Telegram, which has fairly and ably presented the situation, shows how many Republicans feel about it.

That the Salt Lake Tribune, now the unofficial organ of the Mormon church, is, in the main, responsible for the affair, and for the suspicion that is gaining in the minds of the honest men of both parties, that church influence has been used against the Democrats, has been proven beyond question. But that the Mormon church or the Republican party, as a body, or have been parties to the nefarious scheme is false. The Republican party neither desires the aid or influence of the Mormon church, or any other church. The Republican party placed in the position of the Democratic party in this matter would have done exactly as the Democratic party has done, and it would have expected and received the support and sympathy of every fair-minded Democrat in Utah.

The trouble with the Tribune is that the influence complained of has been all in favor of its own party and profits, and that is why it has played the juggler's act, swaying its own words and practically turning itself inside out.

MARLBOROUGH'S DIAMOND BROOCH

People's love affairs are no business of the public's if they do not make them public, but when an American heiress is betrothed to the son of a great ducal house of England, and the fact is telegraphed all over the land, then all that pertains to their love affairs becomes legitimate public property. So it is with the engagement of Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt to the Duke of Marlborough.

Everybody knows that they are to be married on the 14th proximo; that she will have settled upon her \$10,000,000, and that there will be an additional \$5,000,000 to be devoted to the repair and furnishing of Blenheim. Have not Americans a legitimate interest, not a vulgar curiosity, in an American heiress who becomes a British duchess? They certainly have. It is for this reason that we take notice of the fact that the Duke has been compelled to send a diamond brooch that was sent over as a present for his bride back to England because he would not pay the customs dues on it. They were only sixty dollars, but sixty dollars are five guineas, and five guineas are a good deal at times.

The actual conversation at the custom house where the package was held bearing upon it, in great red letters, this legend, "Seized for customs," alone can describe the scene.

"Look here, Frazer," the Duke said to the vice-consul, "it is really too bad, you know. You must fix it up, hang it all. I cannot afford to pay duty on every wedding present Miss Vanderbilt may receive from abroad. Go down and tell these customs people that they ought not to charge duty on wedding presents."

But all Vice-Consul Frazer's efforts were in vain.

"Well, it's too bad," said he to Colonel Phelps. "The Duke's friends are anxious to send his bride a number of valuable presents, but the Duke really cannot afford to pay duty on them, as they are going right out of the country again."

"Now, her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen desires to send his Grace's bride a camel's-hair shawl. Will that not be exempt?"

"I am very sorry," said Colonel Phelps, "but we will have to charge duty."

"Is there no way by which we can bring the present in just for the wedding—say, for instance, allow the bride to wear them at the ceremony, and then send them out of the country again?"

Colonel Phelps pondered. "Yes," he said; "there is."

"How? How, my dear sir?"

"Have the ceremony performed in the bonded warehouse."

"Deucedly clever," said Mr. Frazer doubtfully; "but it wouldn't do, I am afraid. It would be very bad form, you know."

It will only be a short time before the Duke will take his bonny bride to Merrie England, and there amidst love and merriment, and in the quiet possession of a few millions, the disagreeable incident of the diamond brooch will be forever forgotten.

A WARNING TO VOTERS.

We warn the people of Utah that a scheme is on foot to secure such a legislature as will favor the election of Isaac Trumbo to the United States Senate. The means employed are not the obvious performance now in progress, with the Crane-Glassman-Trumbo-Fairchild combination. That is on the surface. The real work is not for the public gaze.

Trumbo expects, by means that do not appear on the boards, to stock the cards for a special deal when the legislature is in session. The first thing is to secure a Republican majority in that assembly. Such aid and backing as may be necessary will be offered in doubtful districts to make sure of this. Candidates who may need such help will obtain it on conditions. The sequel is expected to be the election of Trumbo as United States Senator from Utah, which will make her the laughing stock if not the despising of the nation.

The "eminent services" of Col. Isaac Trumbo to Utah have been so highly colored and grotesquely exaggerated, as to appear like a huge burlesque to all who are informed as to the facts. While engaged by a western syndicate to aid in pushing their interests in legislative bodies, by means the least creditable to the better, Trumbo has put in a little work in the way of placing Republican enemies of Utah and showing them that, as the Democrats had power to give statehood to Utah, it was folly for Republicans to put the usual blocks in the way, because it would accomplish nothing to stop statehood, and would spoil the chances of the Republican party for appearing to be, after all, the friend of Utah. In that way he accomplished just enough to make it appear that he had done wonders, while the fact is that he simply managed to keep quiet a few Republican Mormon-eaters whose power if not their appetite was entirely gone.

Now it is certain that no Democratic legislator would vote for Isaac Trumbo. It is quite possible that the scheme to help elect a Republican legislature, if successful, would put the western corporation tool in the United States Senate. Utah would thus be made the power in Congress and become a party to her own enslavement.

Voters, beware of the plot! If you vote for Democratic legislators you know whom they will support for United States Senators. They will be men whom you can trust. If you vote for Republican legislators you do not know whom they will elect, but more likely than not, one of them will be Trumbo, the wire-puller, whose work in Nevada and California is no great secret, and whose affiliations and purposes are well known in Washington. Mind what you are about and do not suffer yourselves to be drawn into this nefarious scheme!

SPEAKING of the Democratic convention, the Tribune says "the confidence of the nation that statehood is going to result in good to Utah has been weakened." If this is so, then that confidence was weakened by the actions of prominent churchmen who, as Republicans, tried to throw the influence of their church as a church to their party. The Tribune takes the position that the offense was in the exposing of the attempt and not in the attempt itself.

THE CRISIS IN UTAH.

The following extracts from our exchanges are furnished to our readers that they may fully understand the impression that recent occurrences have produced throughout the country. We do not wish to be understood as putting these views forth as our own or of endorsing them so far as they misrepresent the actual state of the situation:

The Utah Convention. The first day's session of the Democratic territorial convention at Ogden holds out hope to those who are desirous of seeing a strong and able legislature interfere with the Mormon church in the political affairs of Utah. The people of the country will await the appearance of the address with exceptional interest and if the convention does its duty, as there is reason to expect, the Democratic party will be strengthened in the country at large. It is sincerely to be hoped that the church will see the folly of its course and step to one side in such a way as to leave no doubt as to the adoption of the constitution and the removal of the church from the territory. However, if the conspiracy between the Republican leaders and the Mormons is on its feet, and the church is to interfere with the politics of the state, it is the duty of every patriotic citizen of the territory to oppose the Mormon influence in the territory. The situation is anything but encouraging. Once in the Union the state will have control of its own affairs and the cunning leaders of Mormonism could easily master the political field by trading favors with the Republican bosses. Success to the Democratic convention! It has met in a worthy cause.

At a late hour this morning the address of the convention was received by wire and appears on another page of the Miner. It has the true ring and should command the hearty support and interest of every right-minded citizen of Utah—Butte Miner.

Utah's Prospects.

It is becoming evident that the best thing that could happen to Utah and to that portion of the country liable to be affected by her condition would be that the new constitution should be rejected and statehood indefinitely postponed. The Pioneer Press has an intimation from the first that Utah was not ready for statehood, and she is proving it at every step. The way it moves strongly as she approaches more nearly the date fixed for a final decision. In the case of almost any state previously admitted, the term "not ready" would imply immaturity of commercial or political character; but in the case of Utah it means that a certain iniquitous practice must be completely and unmistakably eradicated before statehood can be safely granted. It has been claimed by "fair" herself and by others, that polygamy was no longer practiced within her borders, and is true so far as an open violation of the law is concerned. But at least one generation must pass away before it can be safely regarded as extinct.

The Mormons of Utah have laid their wires with admirable foresight. They have included woman suffrage in the proposed constitution, not because it is desired by the women themselves, who are not the majority of them at least, "advanced," but rather the reverse. They have seen to it that the leading candidates for state officers on both sides are Mormons, so that the new state, if it comes in, is certain of a Mormon government. The first move was made in the belief that the Gentiles of the territory would vote for the suffrage rather than forego the privilege of statehood, and that, once admitted, Utah's women would be able to vote. The result of the popular vote of the state upon the side of polygamy, if they could have so easily accomplished their end, so that the adoption of the constitution could do so.

It is hardly likely, even without the testimony of the women, that the defeated President, Woodruff, of the Mormon church, is probably sincere when he says that it is nothing to him

whether the church people vote for the Democratic or the Republican ticket. The light in Utah is not a party fight, or if it is so in any sense, that side of it has been left to the Gentiles, largely to distract them from the real impending crisis which is one of moral issues. It still remains, if the constitution is adopted, for it to be accepted by Congress. This is usually a mere formality, the enabling act, in most cases, being the real point of doubt and discussion. In the case of Utah the question of final ratification will become a serious one.

It is not impossible that the power of the state to grant woman suffrage, which has frequently been disputed, although the supreme court has decided in the affirmative, may again come under discussion, as a means of defeating the constitution. That document is innocent enough in all other respects, and the female suffrage clause would be at least no more dangerous than in other states, were it not for this one threat which leaves concealed in Colorado and Wyoming might safely have been left to work out their own salvation in the matter of suffrage.

Least anyone should believe that Judge Powers' call for a reassembling of the convention to withdraw the nominations and pronounce against the constitution arises from conscientious scruples alone, it should be pointed out that since the question of polygamy practically disappeared the Mormons of Utah have displayed a marked tendency to gravitate toward the Republican party. This is but natural, for in the surrounding states, where the Mormons have had the decision, they have generally cast it with the Republicans on the protective tariff issue. It may be that Judge Powers, perceiving that his party stood small chances to carry the day against the Republicans, who have nominated a son of George Q. Cannon, the most powerful man in the church, for Congress, determined to defeat the admission of Utah to the state.

However this may be, there can be only one opinion among the people of the United States as to the course of the priesthood of the church. President Smith, at a meeting of the Mormon priests, presiding, made the following statement: "I have invited his priesthood meeting to vote against Mormons who had been nominated as high officers 'contrary to the counsel and the will of the presidency.' This is an intolerable invasion of private rights and an intrusion of religion into politics that must be reprobated by Republicans and Democrats alike. It is not necessary to point out to readers that Mormonism no longer means polygamy; the church has long since ceased to break the laws and offend the decency of the nation. But if it had a past of unsifted lust, if it never stood in the public mind for personal uncleanness, cruelty and ignorance, its present offense would be no less unbearable. If Utah comes into the Union it should come in unfettered by any church, Mormon or other." Chicago Times-Herald.

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